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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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A cell-line which replicates hepatitis C virus
(HCV), wherein said cell line is selected from the group
consisting of a non-human cell line and a human non-hepatic cell line.

- 2. The cell line of claim 1, wherein the human non-hepatic cell line comprises epithelial cells.
- 3. The cell line of claim 2, wherein the human epithelial cells are HeLa cells.
- 4. The cell line of claim 1, wherein the non-human 15 cell line comprises mouse cells of hepatic origin.
 - 5. The cell line of claim 4, wherein the mouse cells are Hepal-6 cells.
- 20 6. The cell line of claim 4, wherein the mouse cells are AML12 cells.
 - 7. A non-human, non-chimpanzee host animal comprising cells which replicate HCV.

8. The non-human host animal of claim 7, which is a mouse.

- 9. A method for producing a human non-hepatic cell 30 that replicates HCV, comprising:
 - a) obtaining total RNA from a human hepatic cell culture that replicates HCV, said total RNA comprising a selection marker which renders cells expressing said RNA resistant to a selection agent;

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b) introducing the total RNA into human non-

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hepatic cells; and

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- c) selecting those cells which grow in the presence of said selection agent and replicate нсу.
- 5 10. The method of claim 9, wherein a cell line is generated from the cells of step c).
 - 11. A method of producing a non-human hepatic cell that replicates HCV, comprising:
- a) obtaining total RNA from a human non-hepatic cell culture that replicates HCV, said total RNA comprising a selection marker which renders cells expressing said RNA resistant to a selection agent;
- b) introducing the total RNA into non-human 15 cells; and
 - c) selecting those cells which grow in the presence of said selection agent and replicate HCV.
- 12. The method of claim 11, wherein a cell line is 20 generated from the cells of step c).
 - 13. A method for screening test compounds which inhibit HCV replication, comprising:
- a) culturing the cell line of claim 1 in the 25 presence and absence of a test compound; and
 - b) assaying HCV replication levels in the presence and absence of said test compound, wherein a reduced HCV replication level in the presence of said test compound is indicative that said test compound inhibits HCV replication.
 - 14. An HCV polynucleotide having at least one of the mutations shown in Table II.
- 35 15. A polyprotein encoded by the polynucleotide of

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claim 14.

16. A method for screening test compounds which modulate the antiviral response induced by interferon5 alpha (IFN-α) comprising

- a) culturing the cell line of claim 1 in the presence and absence of a test compound;
 - b) contacting the cells of step a) with IFN- α ; and
- c) measuring the HCV replication level in the 10 presence and absence of said compound thereby identifying agents which modulate the antiviral response mediated by IFN- α as a function of altered HCV levels.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the antiviral response is enhanced.
 - 18. The method of claim 16, wherein the antiviral response is inhibited.

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